# "Managing Management Time Who's got the Monkey?"

William Oncken Jr.

# Principle sources of time management problems

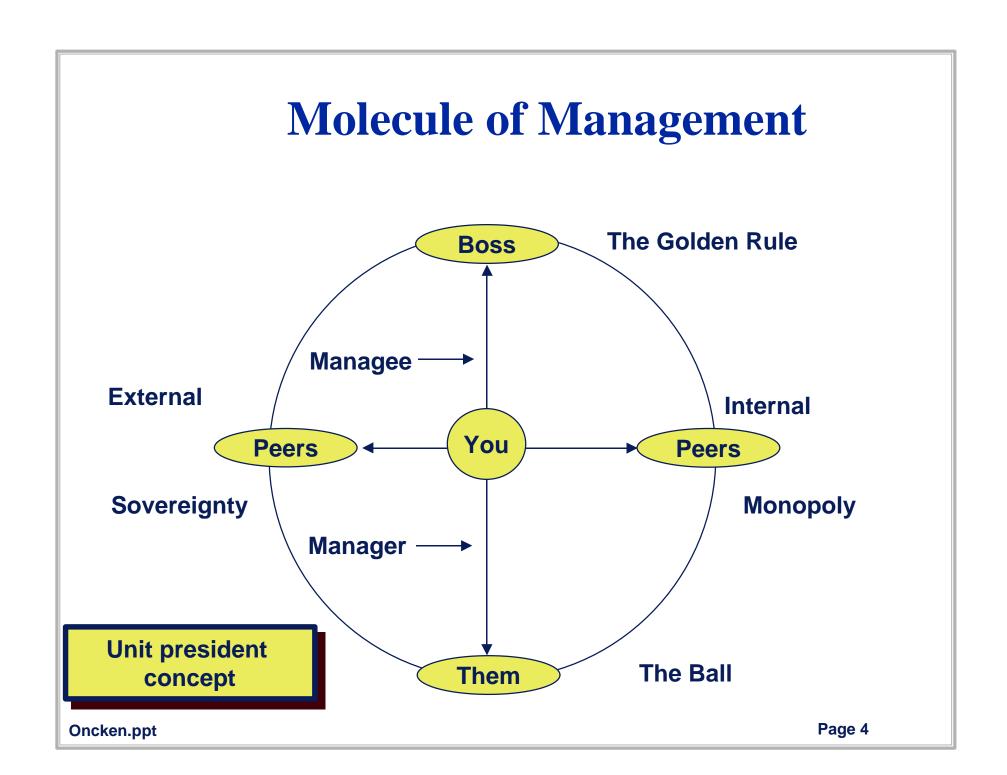
- Boss imposed time
  - Requires compliance
  - Golden Rule
    - » "He who has the gold makes the rules."
- System imposed time
  - Requires conformance
- Subordinate imposed time
  - Invites procrastination

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# Administrative juggling act

- To comply without it the leadership structure of an organization will fall apart
  - Boss imposed penalties for noncompliance
- To conform without it the team structure of an organization will deteriorate
  - System imposed penalties for nonconformance
- To innovate without it the goals of the organization will fail to materialize
  - Invites procrastination

Called a "Three Orange Juggling Act"



#### **Your Boss**

- Chain of accountability to the organization
- "Golden Rule"
- For your boss management is getting things done through others Manager role
- For you management is "just one damn thing after another" Managee role
- Initiative for resolving role conflicts between you and your boss rests with you

#### **Your Peers**

#### External

- Customers, Investors, Suppliers, Labour, Government, Public
- May enjoy sovereign power

#### Internal

- Purchasing, Personnel, Quality, Finance, Administrative Services,
  MIS, Building Maintenance, Advertising
- Undercapitalized monopolies
- Good organizations have staff groups that advise senior management on how line organizations are interpreting company policies rather than having direct control

# Private sector versus Intracompany Business

<u>Comparison</u> <u>Private Sector</u> <u>Intracompany</u>

Medium of exchange Legal tender Official red tape

**Structure** Competitive Monopolistic

Viability Adequately capitalized Undercapitalized

- Requirement is to get what you want, where you want it and when you want it
  - Called a "three point landing"
  - All or nothing requirement
- Support groups are undercapitalized and therefore cannot provide "three point landings" every time

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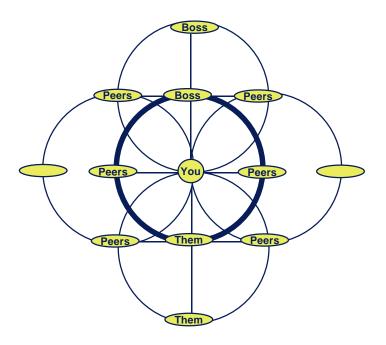
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### **Your Subordinates**

• Have the "ball" and are running with it

• Can do you "credit" or "do you in"

# **Molecules of Management**



# New definition of management

- Management is getting things done through the active support of others
- Who are the people on your molecule
  - Someone who can make or break you in a key aspect of your job three to four times per year
  - You must make them your priority

# **Sources of Managerial Influence**

#### Competence

- the degree to which others are confident that you know what you are doing and that you know what you are talking about
- Personality
  - the degree to which others enjoy rapport with you, that is, find you easy or difficult to listen to, to talk to or to do business with

#### Character

• the degree to which others respect your personal commitment not to let them wind up on the short end of the stick if they take you at your word

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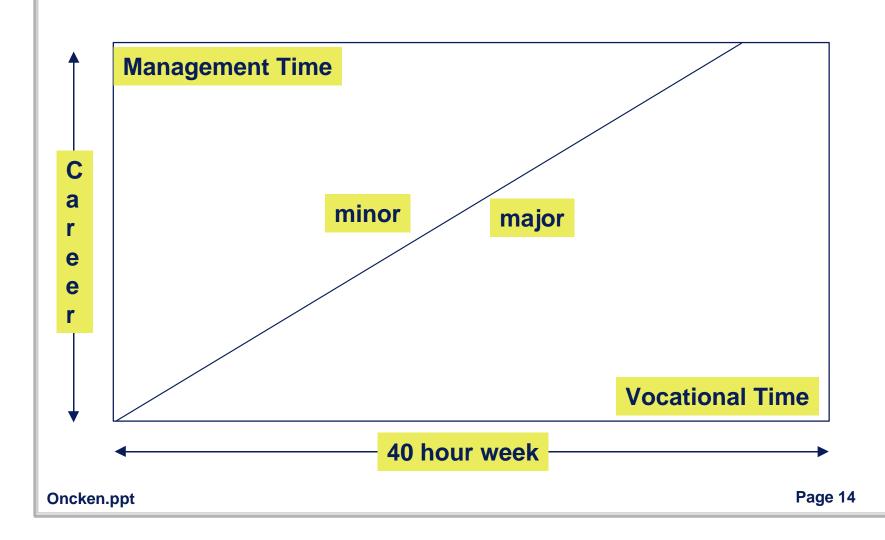
# Management versus Vocational Time

- Vocational Time is time spent doing things
- Management Time is time spent seeing to it that things get done
- Management and Vocational time are incompatible
- Entry level jobs are mostly vocational
- The proportion changes as you move higher in the chain
- Professional managers spend little time practising the vocations of those under them

# Deviant versus Normal Management Behavior

- Tendency to retreat to the familiar
- "Made it" but don't "have it made"
- Journeying through their careers facing the past and backing into the future
  - Encounter many obstacles; all of them by surprise





#### Lures of vocational work

#### Identity

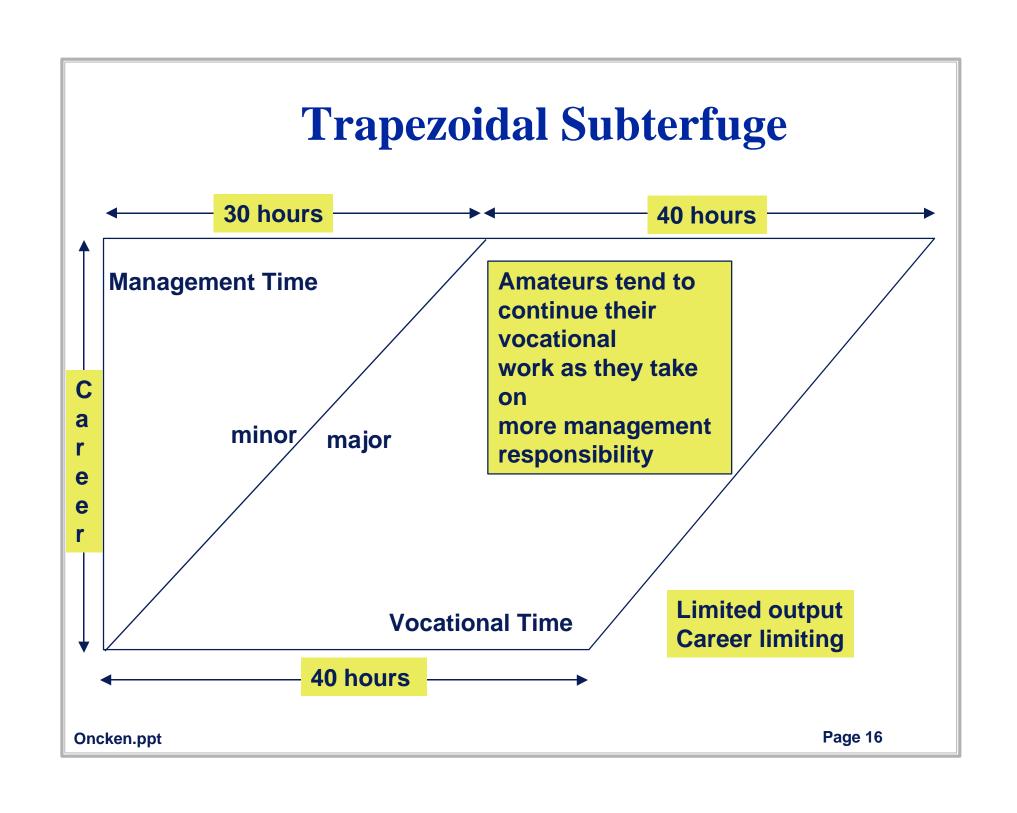
- Society puts a premium on a "honest day's work for a fair day's pay"
- Managers are paid for their judgment and influence

#### Pride of craft

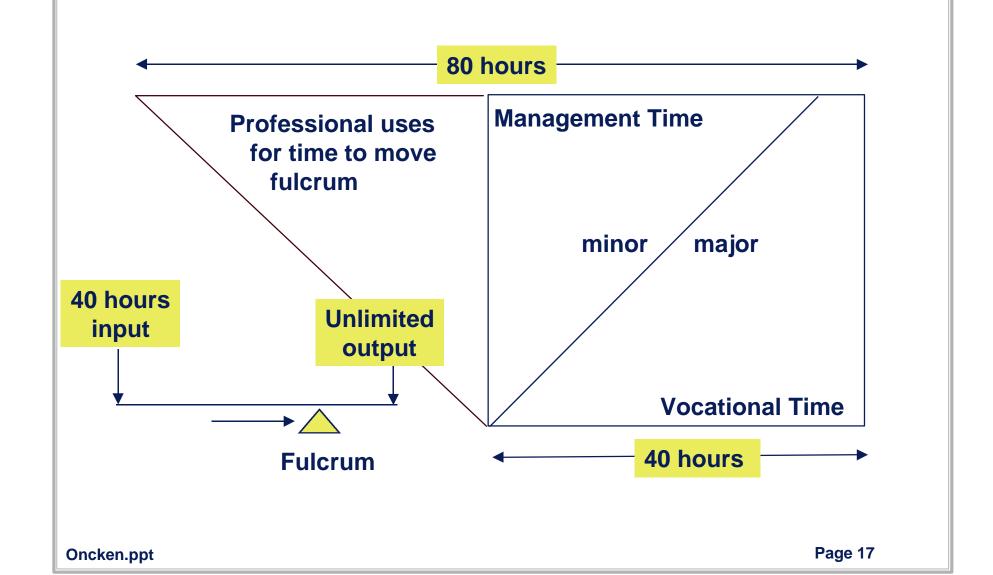
- "Managers spend so much time trying to do things right, they rarely get around to doing the right things"

#### Instant feedback

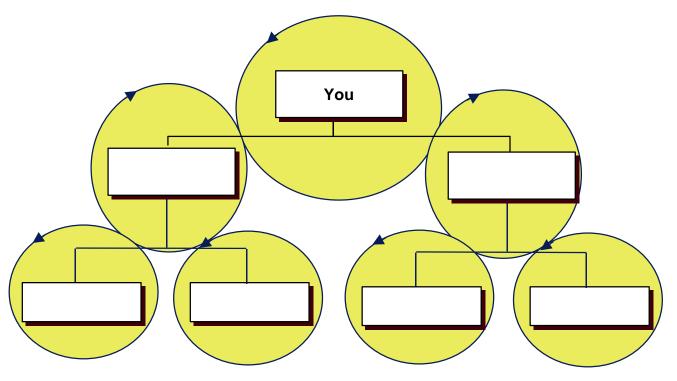
Always where the action is while it is happening



# The Left Handed Trapezoid



# Leverage



**Gear train analogy** 

## Managerial Freedom Scale

#### **Level**

- 5 Act on own; routine reporting
- 4 Act, but advise at once
- 3 Recommend, then take resulting action
- 2 Ask what to do
- 1 Wait until told

Levels 1 and 2 must be eliminated

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#### **Internal Peers**

- Require conformance
  - Blind or flexible
    - Depends on your intracompany credit rating
    - Undercapitalized
      - Unable to deliver "Three point landings" every time

#### **Subordinates**

- Why do managers typically run out of time while subordinates run out of work?
- Need to get control of timing and content of what you do
  - Boss and system impose penalties
  - Start by eliminating subordinate imposed component of self imposed time
  - Invest the proceeds in getting better control of boss and system imposed components
- Monkey analogy
  - Whoever has the next move has the "monkey"
  - If the boss accepts a monkey from a subordinate, the manager / managee role reverses

# Care and Feeding of Monkeys

#### • **Rule 1**

Monkeys must be feed or shot

#### • **Rule 2**

- Monkey population should be no more than the manager can feed
- Feeding time should be no more than 5 to 15 minutes

#### • **Rule 3**

Feeding will be at the initiative of the subordinate

#### Rule 4

 Feeding appointments may be rescheduled at the suggestion of either party but not postponed indefinitely

#### • Rule 6

 Memos or reports running to several pages shall have a one or less page summary

#### Rule 7

Every monkey shall be covered by a casualty insurance policy with an Oncken.ppt appropriate deductible (initiative level)

# **Molecular Stability**

#### Boss - imposed time

- practising anticipatory compliance by improving or maintaining position on the freedom scale
- encouraging subordinates to do the same

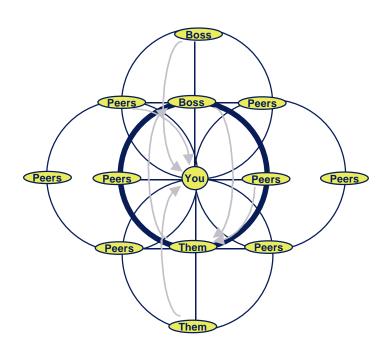
#### • System - imposed time

- practising flexible conformity by improving or at least maintaining his intracompany credit rating
- encouraging subordinates to do the same

#### • Self - imposed time

- maximizing discretionary time so as to make full use of his innovative talents
- encouraging subordinates to do the same

# Intermolecular Guerrilla Raids and Pole Vaulting Monkeys



# Sideward - Leaping Monkeys

#### Rules for peer to peer interface

- When you interface with a nonmolecular peer, the monkey is his until he can prove to your satisfaction that it is yours
- When you interface with a molecular peer, the monkey is yours until you can prove to his satisfaction that it is his
- When you and an interfacing peer are each on the other's molecule, the disposition of the monkey must be negotiated to your joint satisfaction
- When neither you nor an interfacing peer are on the other's molecule, the monkey must be returned to its proper owner or referred to an authorized executioner

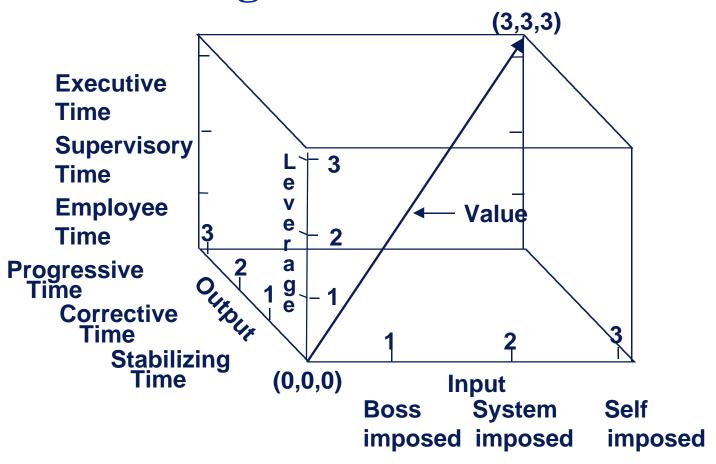
# Handling Sideward - Leaping Monkeys

- Sort into molecular and nonmolecular
- Practise calculated neglect on nonmolecular monkeys

# **Maximizing Leverage**

- Employee time doing things
  - **Leverage 1:1**
  - Action doing
  - Control things out of control
- Supervisory time assigning things
  - Leverage n:1
  - Action assigning
  - Process getting things done
  - Control controlling things
- Executive time delegating things
  - Leverage nx:1
  - Action delegating
  - Process seeing to it that things get done
  - Control things under control

## The Management Time Cube



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